

Mini Review





Management of post herpetic neuralgia: brief report of practical actions

Abstract

Post Herpetic Neuralgia (PHN) is one of most common diseases in elderly. It may occur in about 5% of patients of PHN after acute phase of herpes zoster or zona. PHN has various course with variable and different pain in affected area which some of them may be intractable to be treated. According to previous experiences (during last 20years), this report will try to present all practical manipulations in regard to PHN pain management.

Keywords: PHN, acupuncture, manipulation, paradox pehnomen, traditional chinese medicine

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Abbreviations: PHN, post herpetic neuralgia; TCM, traditional chinese medicine; EAP, electeroacupuncture; AP, acupuncture points

Introduction

In recent publication we present a complete review on PHN treatment¹ (practically and theory), but this brief report is mainly focused on the practical manipulation of treatment. Based on Traditional Chinese Medicine (TCM) there is three pattern of disharmony for Post Herpetic Neuralgia (PHN): Fire blazing, Damp-Heat and qi/Blood stagnation which the later is main cause of pain in PNH.¹ The pathogenesis of burning pain in PHN is qi/blood stagnation. This is due to obstruction of produced Qi² which this latter moves blood. This is called "hypochondriac pain" or "pain in chest" in TCM. This causes a prickling like severe pain in the areas innervated by intercostals areas nerves and presented as an intense and intractable PHN for long time (sometimes several months before visit) and easy to be cured. In clinical experiences there are patients which insomnia for several weeks. This type of PHN is most common clinical and chronic pain.

Based on this classification the determination of pain type, such as allodynia, burning pain, hypoesthesia, and anesthesia, is a critical step for patient's management. The fixed burning pain is due to qi/Blood stagnation which is focus of this clinical round up. Due to for the treatment of various pain several manipulations can be used that are:

Simultaneous needling

Simultaneous needling (*qi ci*) technique is for relieving the burning pain as the first step. It is done by "needling in the center of a pain area or lesion and then also needling to right and left of central point".³ This protocol is effective along with Electeroacupuncture (EAP)⁴ and based on my experience even without it.¹ The muscles and flesh should be twitched by electro-stimulation.^{1,4} They can be used as local points.

Huatuojiaji points acuouncture

But as the distance Acupuncture Points (AP), the **Huatuojiaji points** at the vertebral level corresponding to the location of the herpes zoster for treatment of PHN produce an obvious analgesic effect.^{1,5} This method is more effective in new cases than chronic

cases.⁶ It seems that they may be effective by analgesic dermatomal effect which is act better in acute cases.

Surrounding needling

The chronic pain resulted from stagnation can be treated by Qi and blood movement by method of **surrounding needling**, or "Surround the dragon". This method can also be accompanied with or without Electro Acupuncture). Horizontally puncturing along the innervating areas of PHN gives rise for dispersing stasis of blood and removing obstruction of collateral. Needles, around the lesions without regard to traditional acupuncture points, are inserted at 2cm intervals subcutaneously at a 25degree angle to the skin around the rash of PHN. No deqi, or energy sensation need to be obtained. The number of needles depends entirely on the extensiveness of the fixed painful area. I

Plum blossom

Due to chronic qi and Blood stasis there is sometimes telangectasia in area of PHN.¹ In these cases the invasive method such as plum blossom has more analgesic effect than other therapies. This method can be applied even in the case of acute herpes zoster too.⁸

Cupping

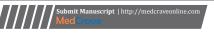
Additionally, in some chronic cases cupping can help to remove the qi and blood stagnation. The stagnated produced qi² and blood in the collaterals can be reduced by moving capping and or fixed cupping after plum blossom.¹

After plum blossom needling the cups were placed over the area to encourage bleeding from the local area which will disappear the stagnation and also telangectasia.¹

6-Paradox phenomen

In our patients a new clinical phenomen was observed in nearly %100 of PHN due to Blood/qi stagnation type. This new finding, that in the best of my knowledge is the first time to be suggested, is Paradox Phenomen (It may be called *Avijgan Phenomen*).

In some cases the day after the first moving cupping there is a worsening of pain which lead to even more complaint. In this case,





should notice the patients that pain to be probably worsened and then patients will be ready to accept it. This kind of pain will be disappeared within one to two days and not any contraindication for further cupping.¹

Conclusion

PHN due to qi/blood stagnation type is a chronic burning pain (sometime several months and even years) with lead to disability of suffered patients. By this step by step (in order of number) approach the nearly complete pain relieves can be achieved.¹

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Conflict of interest

The author declares no conflict of interest.

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