

Table 1 MATLAB® script that accepts the flow rate (Q), bottom slope of channel (J), Manning's roughness coefficient (n), and depth of uniform flow (h) as inputs in a dialog box and returns a message box displaying the side slope (m) and verified flow rate (Q_c) for the trapezoidal channel depicted in Problem 1

```

%Solution of Problem #1
clear %Clear variables and functions from memory
clc %Clear command window and home the cursor
format short %Scaled fixed point format with 5 digits
disp(datestr(now,0)) %String representation of date without ans

%STEP #1 (Definition of inputs)
a1 = {'Flow rate (L/h)', 'Bottom slope of channel (m/km)', ...
    'Manning's roughness coefficient', ...
    'Bottom width of channel (m)', 'Depth of uniform flow (m)'}; % Title of inputs
a2 = 'Inputs'; % Title of dialog box
a3 = [1 40; 1 40; 1 40; 1 40; 1 40]; % Size of input fields
a4 = inputdlg(a1,a2,a3); % Create input dialog box
tic % Start a stopwatch timer

%STEP #2 (Extraction of inputs from dialog box)
b = char(a4); % Create character array
c = str2num(b); % Convert character array to numeric array
Q = (c(1)./1000)./3600; % Flow rate (m3/s)
J = c(2)./1000; % Bottom slope of channel (m/m)
n = c(3); % Manning's roughness coefficient
B = c(4); % Bottom width of channel (m)
h = c(5); % Depth of uniform flow (m)

%STEP #3 (Calculations)
m = 0; % Initial guess for side slope (see figure)
s = 0.0000001; % Sensitivity value
while 1 % Infinite loop
L = 2.*m.*h + B; % Top width of channel (m)
y = sqrt((h.^2)+(m.*h).^2); % Length of side slope (m)
A = ((B + L)./2).*h; % Wetted area (m2)
P = 2.*y + B; % Wetted perimeter (m)
R = A./P; % Hydraulic radius (m)
Qc = (1./n).*(R.^(2./3)).*sqrt(J).*A; % Computed flow rate (m3/s)
m = m + s; % Counter for side slope
if (Qc >= Q) % Conditional statement
break % Terminate execution of while loop
end % Termination of if statement
end % Termination of while statement

%STEP #4 (Convert numbers to character representation)
m_s = sprintf('Side slope (m) = %1.4f',m);
Qc_s = sprintf('Verified flow rate = %1.4f L/h',Qc.*3600.*1000);
d = char(m_s,Qc_s); % Create character array
msgbox(d,'Results'); % Create a message box
toc % Read the stopwatch timer

```

Table 2 MATLAB® script that accepts the angle of slope (θ), bottom width of channel (B), depth of uniform flow (h), and increase in flow rate (x) in a dialog box and returns a message box displaying the amount of expansion (L) for the trapezoidal channel depicted in Problem 2

```

%Solution of Problem #2
clear %Clear variables and functions from memory
clc %Clear command window and home the cursor
format short %Scaled fixed point format with 5 digits
disp(datestr(now,0)) %String representation of date without ans

```

%STEP #1 (Definition of inputs)

```
a1 = {'Angle of slope (°)', 'Bottom width of channel (m)', ...  
    'Depth of uniform flow (m)', ...  
    'Increase in flow rate (e.g., 2, 3, etc.)'}; % Title of inputs  
a2 = 'Inputs'; % Title of dialog box  
a3 = [1 40; 1 40; 1 40; 1 40]; % Size of input fields  
a4 = inputdlg(a1,a2,a3); % Create input dialog box  
tic % Start a stopwatch timer
```

%STEP #2 (Extraction of inputs from dialog box)

```
b = char(a4); % Create character array  
c = str2num(b); % Convert character array to numeric array  
theta = c(1); % Angle of slope (°)  
B = c(2); % Bottom width of channel (m)  
h = c(3); % Depth of uniform flow (m)  
x = c(4); % Increase in flow rate
```

%STEP #3 (Calculations)

```
n = 0.013; % Randomly selected Manning's roughness coefficient  
J = 1./1000; % Randomly selected channel slope (m/m)  
syms L % Create a short-cut for construction of symbolic L  
L1 = 2.*(h./tand(theta))+B; % Top width of channel before expansion (m)  
A1 = ((B+L1)/2).*h; % Wetted area before expansion (m2)  
P1 = 2.*(h./(sind(theta)))+B; % Wetted perimeter before expansion (m)  
R1 = A1./P1; % Hydraulic radius before expansion (m)  
Q1 = (1./n).*(R1.^(2./3)).*sqrt(J).*A1; % Flow rate #1 (m3/s)  
A2 = ((B+L+L1+L)/2).*h; % Wetted area after expansion (m2)  
P2 = P1+L; % Wetted perimeter after expansion (m)  
R2 = A2./P2; % Hydraulic radius after expansion (m)  
Q2 = (1./n).*(R2.^(2./3)).*sqrt(J).*A2; % Flow rate #2 (m3/s)  
K = x.*Q1-Q2; % Algebraic equation (set equal to zero for symbolic solution)  
Y = vpasolve(K,L); % Numerical solution of algebraic equation  
W = double(Y); % Symbolic to double object conversion  
ind = find(W>0); % Find indices of nonzero elements  
L = W(ind); % Amount of expansion (m)
```

%STEP #4 (Convert numbers to character representation)

```
L_s = sprintf('Amount of expansion (L) = %1.4f m',L);  
F = char(L_s); % Create character array  
msgbox(F,'Results'); % Create a message box  
toc % Read the stopwatch timer
```

Table 3 MATLAB® script that accepts the flow rate (Q), slope of channel (J), elevation values (e_1, e_2, e_3), width values (w_1, w_2, w_3, w_4), and Manning's roughness coefficients (n_1, n_2, n_3, n_4) in a dialog box and returns a message box displaying the depth value (h) and verified flow rate (Q_c) for the compound channel depicted in Problem 3

%Solution of Problem #3

```
clear % Clear variables and functions from memory  
clc % Clear command window and home the cursor  
format short % Scaled fixed point format with 5 digits  
disp(datestr(now,0)) % String representation of date without ans
```

%STEP #1 (Definition of inputs)

```
a1 = {'Flow rate (L/s)', 'Slope of channel (m/m)', ...  
    '1st elevation (m)', '2nd elevation (m)', '3rd elevation (m)', ...  
    '1st width (m)', '2nd width (m)', '3rd width (m)', '4th width (m)', ...  
    '1st Manning's roughness coefficient', '2nd Manning's roughness coefficient', ...  
    '3rd Manning's roughness coefficient', '4th Manning's roughness coefficient'};
```

```

% Title of inputs
a2 = 'Inputs'; % Title of dialog box
a3 = [1 40; 1 40; 1 40; 1 40; 1 40; 1 40; 1 40; 1 40;...
      1 40; 1 40; 1 40; 1 40; 1 40]; % Size of input fields
a4 = inputdlg(a1,a2,a3); % Create input dialog box
tic % Start a stopwatch timer

%STEP #2 (Extraction of inputs from dialog box)
b = char(a4); % Create character array
c = str2num(b); % Convert character array to numeric array
Q = c(1)./1000; % Flow rate (m3/s)
J = c(2); % Slope of channel (m/m)
e1 = c(3); % 1st elevation (m)
e2 = c(4); % 2nd elevation (m)
e3 = c(5); % 3rd elevation (m)
w1 = c(6); % 1st width (m)
w2 = c(7); % 2nd width (m)
w3 = c(8); % 3rd width (m)
w4 = c(9); % 4th width (m)
n1 = c(10); % 1st Manning's roughness coefficient
n2 = c(11); % 2nd Manning's roughness coefficient
n3 = c(12); % 3rd Manning's roughness coefficient
n4 = c(13); % 4th Manning's roughness coefficient

%STEP #3 (Calculations)
h = 0; % Initial guess for h value (see figure)
s = 0.0000001; % Sensitivity value (m)
while 1 % Infinite loop
    x = h+1; % Calculation of x depth (see figure);
    y = h-1; % Calculation of y depth (see figure);
    A1 = w1.*h; % Wetted area of the 1st segment (m2)
    P1 = w1+h; % Wetted perimeter of the 1st segment (m)
    R1 = A1./P1; % Hydraulic radius of the 1st segment (m)
    A2 = w2.*(h+e1); % Wetted area of the 2nd segment (m2)
    P2 = e1+w2+e2; % Wetted perimeter of the 2nd segment (m)
    R2 = A2./P2; % Hydraulic radius of the 2nd segment (m)
    A3 = w3.*x; % Wetted area of the 3rd segment (m2)
    P3 = w3+e3; % Wetted perimeter of the 3rd segment (m)
    R3 = A3./P3; % Hydraulic radius of the 3rd segment (m)
    A4 = w4.*y; % Wetted area of the 4th segment (m2)
    P4 = w4+y; % Wetted perimeter of the 4th segment (m)
    R4 = A4./P4; % Hydraulic radius of the 4th segment (m)
    Q1 = (1./n1).*(R1.^(2./3)).*sqrt(J).*A1; % Flow rate #1 (m3/s)
    Q2 = (1./n2).*(R2.^(2./3)).*sqrt(J).*A2; % Flow rate #2 (m3/s)
    Q3 = (1./n3).*(R3.^(2./3)).*sqrt(J).*A3; % Flow rate #3 (m3/s)
    Q4 = (1./n4).*(R4.^(2./3)).*sqrt(J).*A4; % Flow rate #4 (m3/s)
    Qc = Q1+Q2+Q3+Q4; % Total flow rate (m3/s)
    h = h + s; % Counter for h value
    if (Qc >= Q) % Conditional statement
        break % Terminate execution of while loop
    end % Termination of if statement
end % Termination of while statement

%STEP #4 (Convert numbers to character representation)
h_s = sprintf('h value = %1.4f m',h);
Qc_s = sprintf('Verified flow rate = %1.4f L/s',Qc.*1000);
K = char(h_s,Qc_s); % Create character array
msgbox(K,'Results'); % Create a message box
toc % Read the stopwatch timer

```

Table 4 MATLAB® script that accepts the flow rate difference (dQ), initial wastewater level below half-filled level (h_1), slope of channel (J), Manning's roughness coefficient (n), wastewater increment (h_w) after storm event in a dialog box and returns a message box displaying the diameter value (D) for the circular combined sewer depicted in Problem 4

%Solution of Problem #4

```
clear %Clear variables and functions from memory
clc %Clear command window and home the cursor
format short %Scaled fixed point format with 5 digits
disp(datestr(now,0)) %String representation of date without ans
```

%STEP #1 (Definition of inputs)

```
a1 = {'Flow rate difference (L/s)', 'Initial WWL below half-filled level (cm)', ...
     'Slope of channel (per thousand)', 'Manning's roughness coefficient', ...
     'Wastewater increment after storm event (cm)'}; %Title of inputs
a2 = 'Inputs'; %Title of dialog box
a3 = [1 40; 1 40; 1 40; 1 40; 1 40]; %Size of input fields
a4 = inputdlg(a1,a2,a3); %Create input dialog box
tic %Start a stopwatch timer
```

%STEP #2 (Extraction of inputs from dialog box)

```
b = char(a4); %Create character array
c = str2num(b); %Convert character array to numeric array
dQ = c(1)./1000; %Flow rate difference (m3/s);
h1 = c(2)./100; %Initial WWL below half-filled level (m)
J = c(3)./1000; %Slope of channel
n = c(4); %Manning's roughness coefficient
hw = c(5)./100; %Wastewater increment after storm event (m)
```

%STEP #3 (Calculations)

```
syms D %Create a short-cut for construction of symbolic D
R = D./2; %Radius of channel (m)
theta = acosd(h1./R); %Half of the wastewater surface angle #1 (°)
A1 = (1./2).*R.*R.*sind(2.*theta); %Area of triangle #1 (m2)
A2 = (pi.*(R.^2).*(2.*theta))./360; %Area of entire circle slice #1 (m2)
A3 = A2-A1; %Wetted area #1 (m2)
L1 = (2.*pi.*R.*(2.*theta))./360; %Length of circle arc #1 (m)
Q1 = (1./n).*((A3/L1).^(2./3)).*sqrt(J).*A3; %Flow rate in dry condition (m3/s)
h2 = hw-h1; %WWL above half-filled level (m)
beta = acosd(h2./R); %Half of the wastewater surface angle #2 (°)
A4 = (1./2).*R.*R.*sind(2.*beta); %Area of triangle #2 (m2)
A5 = (pi.*(R.^2).*(2.*beta))./360; %Area of entire circle slice #2 (m2)
A6 = A5-A4; %Area of empty part (m2)
A7 = pi.*(D.^2)./4; %Area of entire circle (m2)
A8 = A7-A6; %Wetted area #2 (m2)
L2 = (2.*pi.*R.*(2.*beta))./360; %Length of circle arc #2 (m)
L3 = 2.*pi.*R; %Perimeter of entire circle (m)
L4 = L3-L2; %Length of circle arc #3 (m)
Q2 = (1./n).*((A8/L4).^(2./3)).*sqrt(J).*A8; %Flow rate in storm condition (m3/s)
X = dQ-(Q2-Q1); %Algebraic equation (set equal to zero for symbolic solution)
Y = vpasolve(X,D); %Numerical solution of algebraic equation
W = double(Y); %Symbolic to double object conversion
ind = find(W>0); %Find indices of nonzero elements
D = W(ind); %Diameter of channel (m)
```

%STEP #4 (Convert numbers to character representation)

```
D_s = sprintf('Diameter of channel (D) = %1.4f m',D);
F = char(D_s); %Create character array
msgbox(F,'Results'); %Create a message box
toc %Read the stopwatch timer
```
