Appendix 1

1. At what age do you stop conservative management and consider syringing and probing for a child?
   a. Less than 1 year of age?
   b. At 1 year of age
   c. At 2 years of age
   d. At 3 years of age
   e. Greater than 3 years of age

2. Up to what age do you consider syringing and probing?
   a. Less than 1 year of age
   b. At 1 year of age
   c. At 2 years of age
   d. At 3 years of age
   e. At 4 years of age
   f. At 5 years of age
   g. At 6 years of age
   h. I would perform a syringing and probing on any child irrespective of age as a first procedure

3. When would you consider the insertion of tubes with a syringing and probing?
   a. On the first syringing and probing
   b. On the second syringing and probing
   c. On the third syringing and probing
   d. I do not use tubes

4. After how many syringing and probings would you consider a dacrocystorhinostomy?
   a. 1
   b. 2
   c. 3
   d. 4
   e. Greater than 4

5. Do you perform dacrocystorhinostomies in children?
   a. Yes
   b. No

6. What is your preferred approach for a first paediatric dacrocystorhinostomy?
   a. External
   b. Endonasal

7. What is the minimum age of a child that you would consider an external dacrocystorhinostomy?
   a. Less than 1 year of age
   b. At 1 year of age
   c. At 2 years of age
   d. At 3 years of age
   e. At 4 years of age
   f. At 5 years of age
   g. At 6 years of age
   h. Greater than 6 years of age
   i. I do not perform external dacrocystorhinostomy as a first procedure
   j. I do not perform external dacrocystorhinostomy at all

8. What is the minimum age that you would consider a paediatric endonasal dacrocystorhinostomy?
   a. Less than 1 year of age
   b. At 1 year of age
   c. At 2 years of age
   d. At 3 years of age
   e. At 4 years of age
   f. At 5 years of age
   g. At 6 years of age
   h. Greater than 6 years of age
   i. I do not perform endonasal dacrocystorhinostomy as a first procedure
   j. I do not perform endonasal dacrocystorhinostomy at all
9. If a child has had a failed endonasal dacrocystorhinostomy and requires a second dacrocystorhinostomy. What is your preferred approach?
   a. External
   b. Endonasal

10. If a child has had a failed external dacrocystorhinostomy and requires a second dacrocystorhinostomy. What is your preferred approach?
    a. External
    b. Endonasal