# Investigate the relationship between academic achievement and emotional intelligence and quality of life in Bam -1395 university of medical sciences

## Abstract

**Background:** This Study was aimed to study association of Motivation Academic Achievement with Emotional Intelligence and Life Quality of female Students of Bam University of Medical Sciences-2015.

**Materials and methods:** This cross sectional descriptive-analytical study was conducted using the stratified random sampling, which... female undergraduate students of Bam University of Medical Sciences, in the academic year 2015 were selected. Research instruments were Herren’s achievement motivation questionnaire and emotional intelligence test Bradbry-Graves and Sf-36. To analyze data, T-test, Anova, Pearson and regression analysis were used by using SPSS version 20.

**Results:** There were no significant differences between the variables of academic achievement motivation, emotional intelligence and quality of life in terms of demographic variables. Despite a significant relationship between the motivation of academic achievement and quality of life and emotional intelligence, regression analysis results showed that there was no significant correlation between the motivation of academic achievement and quality of life and emotional intelligence.

**Conclusion:** The motivation for advancement is generalizable and training, so training courses for motivation development can be very helpful in this.

**Keywords:** motivation of academic achievement, quality of life, emotional intelligence

## Introduction

Academic achievement in every society reflects the educational system’s success in targeting and attention to individual needs. Research shows that factors and personal factors, social, cultural, economic, political, moral and psychological many academic growth can be effective. The concept of emotional intelligence in recent years in both fields and applied science, much attention is devoted to. This is due to high ability and emotional intelligence to solve problems and reduce conflicts between perceptions of thought and feeling. Numerous studies have shown that emotional intelligence can increase the health, prosperity, wealth, success, love and happiness. It also leads to better performance in four areas of self-awareness (understanding their capabilities and express them), social awareness (awareness of others and understand its capabilities and empathy), relationship management, and self-management (ability to adapt to change and solve problems personal and social). In terms of time-it! Emotional intelligence is leading to mental health and, ultimately, success in education.

Success in education at school and in later years on campus, with emotional skills, social and emotional intelligence as an incentive, the ability to wait, obey orders and impulse control skills to ask for help from others and express emotional needs and related training. Training students in all courses, in order to change behavior, thoughts, attitudes and skills they are done and finally for progress and academic performance is measured. So pay attention to the factors that contribute to motivation are of particular importance.

The findings of some research and studies, explaining the role and importance of motivation in academic achievement. The success motivation achievement motivation or desire or passion success rate and participate in activities that their success depends on the efforts and ability of the person. Achievement Motivation plays an important role in motor learning and individual behaviors that lead to better and more effective learning. The role of health promotion as a factor in explaining the motivation arises and quality of life is one of the criteria for evaluating the health status has been introduced. A unique quality of life of every individual to understand his life, despite his relationship with family, friends and the community to how rewarding. In the study by scholars to the quality of life in motivation to study have noted and have found that factors such as health problems, economic problems, compromise, lack of social, lack of familiarity with the campus, away from family, lifestyle and quality of family relationships from below quality of life is considered to be a significant negative impact on their academic motivation. Fruit et al. and Parker et al. showed that a significant relationship between total score of emotional intelligence and academic achievement there. But the Chinese Research processor and colleagues found that the overall score of emotional intelligence and academic achievement, there is no significant relationship. According to our educational system that is still in the ability of academic stress, and factors such as quality of life, learning and emotional intelligence as a set of attributes that are immeasurable in the fate of individuals are important, overlooked, the need for research this area is characterized, especially in most of the
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studies in this area to investigate these variables individually focused, so in this study, with regard to these three components together, this lack of coverage to be given.

Materials and methods

this study Sectional(Cross sectional) Descriptive analytical study where in The relationship between academic achievement and emotional intelligence and quality of life in female students of Medical Sciences Bam -1395 will be examined. Society the Research All students Bam University of Medical Sciences Mattress. Thel D.EdenD. After determining the sample size using cluster random sampling, 188 students were selected. Then distribute and collect forms, enter the questionnaires were analyzed. Inclusion criteria Participants in the study. Study time and interest to participate in a research study. Exclusion criteria included lack of cooperation in filling out the questionnaire and admits to not wanting to participate in the project. Questionnaires free time for individual students will be provided. Data were collected by questionnaire, which was set up in four parts, the first part of demographic characteristics including age, marital status, education, employment status and the subsequent emotional intelligence questionnaire Bradbury- Graves', Quality of Life (SF-36) And achievement motivation was:

Emotional intelligence questionnaire bradbury-graves (bradbury and graves's emotional intelligence questionnaire)

In order to evaluate the students’ emotional intelligence questionnaire of 28 items Graves1 emotional intelligence Bradbry-(2005) to 4 scale Subsidiary Self-awareness (Question 16, Management (Question 7 - 13), Social Awareness (Question 14 20) And relationship management (21 - 28) used. Test scoring method using 6-point scale. From 1 to 6 (Not always) with a maximum score of 160 and a minimum score of 28 (average score 94) is classified. scores more sign Donor Intelligence Emotional more was and Total score of subjects. Each One of REFactiveLG also account for the total test score The Leg The OrYi and Permissibly In the questionnaire. In 1385 by treasureThe Done. Reliability coefficients for the 4 skills formation The emotional intelligence and the total scores of 36 students for the conscious (73/0), Management (87/0), Social Awareness (78/0) and Relationship management (76/0) and total score of emotional intelligence (90/0) Report done SD. Ganji to determine the validity of the test, it comes with Emotional Intelligence test is performed in a group of 97 people. The correlation coefficient between them 68/0 obtained, again in 99/0 level was significant. The reliability and validity of the test is approved.17

Quality of life questionnaire (sf-36)

Quality of life assessment tool Short Form Health questionnaire (SF-36) is a self-report questionnaire with 36 questions in four domains: physical function, role limitations due to physical health problems, role limitations due to emotional problems, and mental health. It is a widely used instrument for assessing health-related quality of life. The questionnaire consists of two summary scores: a physical component summary score and a mental component summary score. The physical component summary score is derived from questions related to physical function, role limitations due to physical health problems, bodily pain, and general health perceptions. The mental component summary score is derived from questions related to role limitations due to emotional problems, social functioning, emotional well-being, and general health perceptions. Each question is answered on a five-point scale, ranging from 1 (never) to 5 (always). The scores are then transformed to a scale from 0 to 100, with higher scores indicating better health. The questionnaire is widely used in research and clinical settings to assess the impact of health conditions on an individual's quality of life.

Results

188 students of the study was to be completed, of which 147 (27.8%) were single, 106 patients (45.6%) were at undergraduate, 4/97 and 473% only student % of them were in the age group 22-18. The average age of the students 51/0± was 32.19% and a minimum of 18 and maximum of 37 years. Students studied demographic information listed in Table 1. According to independent t-test results in Table 2, the average values academic achievement, emotional intelligence and quality of life statistically significant difference between marital status, education, employment, education, employment status were observed (Table 2). Test results Anova Table 3 is provided. According to the table, it was found that a significant difference between academic achievement, quality of life and emotional intelligence by age group there (Table 3). To evaluate the correlation between the variables in the study of linear regression analysis were used. According to the results of regression analysis showed a significant correlation between the variables of achievement motivation and the quality of life there (O7/0=p, 68/1=F). Motivation Emotional Intelligence also failed to significantly predict students (89/0=p, 37/3=F).

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Table 1: Distribution of demographic characteristics of subjects.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variable</th>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Percent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Employment status</td>
<td>Only students</td>
<td>148</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Practitioner</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marital status</td>
<td>Single</td>
<td>147</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Married</td>
<td>41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Term time</td>
<td>Masters</td>
<td>106</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>22-18 Masters</td>
<td>138</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age category</td>
<td>&gt; 28</td>
<td>5 people</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 2: Comparison of quality of life, academic achievement and emotional intelligence among students about the research based on demographic data.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variable</th>
<th>Quality of life</th>
<th>Motivation</th>
<th>Emotional intelligence</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Marital status</td>
<td>Single</td>
<td>15/23±83/144</td>
<td>11.9±45/67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Married</td>
<td>16/26±03/138</td>
<td>72/6±83/65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Term time</td>
<td>Masters</td>
<td>81/25±05/142</td>
<td>97/9±66/65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employment status</td>
<td>Only students</td>
<td>94/24±79/143</td>
<td>15.7±76/67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Practitioner</td>
<td>14/7±50±145</td>
<td>70.9±25/66</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 3: Comparison of academic achievement, quality of life and emotional intelligence in the age group of subjects.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age category</th>
<th>Motivation</th>
<th>Quality of life</th>
<th>Emotional intelligence</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>22-23</td>
<td>22-27</td>
<td>40/9±49/166</td>
<td>21/15±68/143</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&gt; 28</td>
<td>27-23</td>
<td>36/6±27/68</td>
<td>76/39±80/142</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>&gt; 28</td>
<td>50/10±60/62</td>
<td>27/17±00/138</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 4: The relationship between academic achievement and quality of life and emotional intelligence subjects.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quality of life</th>
<th>Emotional intelligence</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Motivation</td>
<td>r=0/15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>p=0/02</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Discussion

This study aimed to determine the relationship between academic achievement and quality of life and emotional intelligence University students took Bam. According to the results, the mean score of academic achievement, emotional intelligence and quality of life were observed statistically significant differences in demographic variables. The results Farmer et al. there are different levels of education. In this ghazanfari and the Hashemite et al. the demographic variables found no significant relationship with achievement motivation and quality of life. Results Consistent with results in line, which could be due to the fact that emotional intelligence, academic achievement and quality of life are learned that with proper training can improve and are motivated by personal circumstances and family depend. The relationship between academic achievement and quality of life and emotional intelligence results and a positive significant relationship between achievement motivation and quality of life and emotional intelligence showed. The findings on the relationship between emotional intelligence and academic achievement is inconsistent and inconclusive results cannot be withdrawn from them. Some research findings show that a positive and significant relationship between emotional intelligence and academic performance. And can be emotional intelligence as a predictor of academic achievement was remarkable. But the findings of other studies show that between emotional intelligence and academic achievement in the population of students there is no significant relationship.

As for the relationship between achievement motivation and academic achievement this contradiction can be seen. For example, the findings of some studies show that between motivation and educational progress, there is a significant difference between male and female students in terms of achievement motivation meaningful way that motivation and academic achievement of girls than boys. But other studies show that there is no significant relationship between achievement motivation and academic achievement. The results Mansouri, farmer, god god Abadi et al. in line with the findings of the present study. When the person has the skills to control emotions and negative emotions, and also has the capabilities to create intrinsic motivation regardless of reinforcing the outer and the ability and communication skills recognized, the person in the learning environment has the ability and success of other people. In other words, people who have a higher quality of life of achievement motivation will be higher and more healthy. Despite significant relationship between academic achievement and the quality of life and emotional intelligence, regression analysis showed a significant correlation between the variables of achievement motivation and the quality of life there. Emotional Intelligence also failed to predict students’ academic achievement significantly. Results of desire oven. And Hussein Hussein a man and a man consistent. But the Yiklyakan et al. stated that emotional intelligence can predict academic progress of students. The reason for this discrepancy could be the difference between the study groups.

Conclusion

The results of this study showed that between emotional intelligence, academic achievement and the quality of life there is no significant relationship that could be factors such as differences in the research community, cultural differences in learning. Generalized motivation and training, so training motivation can help a lot in it.

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Conflict of interest
None.

References


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