Rare observations of inter-specific interaction of sloth bear and leopard with Indian pangolin at Satpura Tiger Reserve, Central India

Abstract
The present note reports two incidences of behavioural interaction of sloth bear and leopard with Indian pangolin in wild along with photographic evidence at Satpura Tiger Reserve, Madhya Pradesh, India.

Keywords: sloth bear, satpura tiger reserve, Indian pangolin, ecology, habitat

Introduction
Indian Pangolin (Manis crassicaudata) distributed throughout peninsular India, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh and Pakistan. Knowledge on ecology and inter-specific association of Indian pangolin is limited because of their nocturnal and secretive habit. The Sloth bear (Melursus ursinus) is widely distributed on the Indian subcontinent—India, Nepal, Bhutan, and Sri Lanka and Bangladesh—ranges from the base of the Himalayas to the southern tip of the Western Ghats including the island of Sri Lanka. Leopards are distributed in Asia and Africa. In India, they are found throughout the country except the arid parts of Kutch and Rajasthan and the high Himalayas. Due to their wide distribution range both sloth bears and leopards share their home range with each other and also with Indian pangolins. In this communication, two incidences of inter-specific interaction of sloth bear and leopard with Indian pangolin at Satpura Tiger Reserve, Madhya Pradesh, India were reported.

Observation
The Satpura Tiger Reserve (22°19’ to 22°30’ N and 77°56’ to 78°20’ E) is a 1428 km² protected area located in the Hoshangabad district of Madhya Pradesh (Figure 1). The observations taken were ad-libitum and serendipitous. The photographs were taken by the photographers (see acknowledgements) using digital cameras. The incidence was observed near Kaali Maati Dam area in Madhai Core Zone of Satpura Tiger Reserve at 16:49PM on 11/12/2017. The habitat was surrounded by thick vegetation included (i) moderately high grasses and (ii) tall trees including Tectona grandis, Chloroxylon swietenia, Aegle marmelos, Cassia fistula, Diospyros melanoxylon, Terminalia tomentosa, Madhuca latifolia and others. An adult male sloth bear was found exploring the ground and probing the nearby ground with his front hands at times. After a while the bear started digging near the termite mound. The bear found standing straight on his hind limbs ending the digging activity. In the fore limbs, the bear was tightly holding a sub adult Indian pangolin (Figure 2). The bear was vigorously shaking the partially curled up pangolin to open its coil. Though the bear was initially successful in partially opening up the caudal part of the pangolin, the pangolin recuperated its lost grip and tightly coiled around itself. Although the bear kept on trying but it didn’t get success in uncoiling the pangolin. After some time, when the bear became conscious about the presence of vehicle and human it swiftly turned back and vanished into the forest holding the pangolin tightly in its fore limbs.

In another incidence involving leopard and Indian pangolin was sighted in January 2016 at Aampani area of the sanctuary. While being photographed it moved into a thicket and was stalking for something which later revealed as a pangolin. The pangolin became coiled when the leopard charged on it (Figure 3). Then the leopard made many attempts to uncoil the pangolin using its fore limb paws for few minutes. The capability of holding its grip and presence of impregnable scales on outer body successfully shielded the pangolin from the claws of this wild predator. Ultimately the leopard became aware the presence of the vehicle and rushed into the forest. After a while (~15 minutes), the pangolin got uncoiled and moved into nearby thicket.
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Discussion

Inter-specific interactions like the present observations are usually infrequent and rarely reported. There is a chance of inter specific competition between sloth bear and pangolin due to convergent feeding habits (both being myrmicophagous) and sharing common habitat and food resources. Indian pangolins feed primarily on ants and termites.\(^1\) The sloth bear has specialized on insect prey, particularly termites and ants.\(^8\) About 72.7% of the sloth bear diet include termites.\(^\text{10}\) This inter-specific interaction is thought to be associated with overlapping home range and the pursuit of food sources, which may be explained by their appearance near termite mound. Similar interactions between pangolin and sloth bear could not be found from the available literature.

Conflict of interests

Authors declare that there is no conflict of interest.

References

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